

7. Answer the following questions in your own words. Extended quotes from the original article will not be awarded marks.

- (a) Calculate the maximum force required to separate two Magdeburg hemispheres of radius 10 cm (atmospheric pressure = 1.01×10^5 Pa, see paragraph 2). [2]

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- (b) Suggest why lightning discharge travels further at low pressures (see paragraphs 4 & 5). [2]

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- (c) (i) Calculate the distance of nearest approach for a 4.7 MeV alpha particle when fired at gold foil (the charge on a gold nucleus is $+79e$, see paragraph 6). [3]

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- (ii) State why your answer to (c)(i) and the results of the alpha particle scattering experiment contradict the “plum-pudding” model (see paragraphs 5 & 6). [2]

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- (d) A student claims that a 4 keV electron is suitable for atomic diffraction experiments. Determine whether or not she is correct (see paragraphs 6 & 8). [4]

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- (e) Explain why the strong nuclear force is required to hold nuclei together (see paragraphs 6 & 9). [1]

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- (f) A typical thermal electron has a rms speed of approximately $100\,000\text{ ms}^{-1}$. When a positron annihilates an electron at room temperature, two photons of wavelength $2.43 \times 10^{-12}\text{ m}$ are produced. Explain, using conservation of momentum, why these photons travel in opposite directions (see paragraph 10). [3]

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(g) Explain why the quark make up of a π^- meson is $\bar{u}d$. [1]

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(h) Calculate the mass of a top quark in kg (see paragraph 15).

Note that $1\text{ u} \equiv 931\text{ MeV}$ if required. [2]

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END OF PAPER

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